Financial Statement Weakness	Description	Status
Financial Management Systems	The DoD systemic deficiencies in financial management systems and business processes result in the inability to collect and report financial and performance information that is accurate, reliable, and timely.	The Department developed the initial version of a new business enterprise architecture. The architecture helps describe how the Department's business processes and systems will integrate to ensure that accurate and timely financial information is readily available for decision makers.
Intragovernmental Eliminations	The inability to reconcile most intragovernmental transactions results in adjustments that cannot be fully supported.	The Department is taking action internally and with other federal agencies to help resolve this issue.
Accounting Entries	The DoD continues to enter material amounts of unsupported accounting entries.	The Department has implemented a training program to minimize unsupported accounting entries and is tracking progress through the financial metrics program. Total elimination of these entries is contingent upon full implementation of the Department's business enterprise architecture, new systems, and business processes.
Fund Balance with Treasury	The Department has been unable to fully reconcile its records to those of the U.S. Treasury.	The Department strengthened internal controls for disbursements through reconciliation training and metric tracking to more accurately record disbursements. The Department also obtained legislation to clear old unreconcilable suspense accounts and check issue differences. The Department has a multi-phase program underway to enhance system functionality for improving expenditure reconciliation and reporting.
Environmental Liabilities	Guidance and audit trails are insufficient. The inventory of ranges and operational activities (landfills, open burning pits, etc.) is incomplete.	The Department issued guidance for closed sites in October 2002 and continues to issue guidance for ongoing operations. Inventories of operational and non-operational ranges are complete. Additional review and validation is needed to ensure audit trails are sufficient.

Financial Statement Weakness	Description	Status
General Property, Plant and Equipment (PP&E)	The cost and depreciation of DoD General PP&E is not reliably reported due to: (a) a new accounting requirement that went into effect in FY 2003 that classifies military equipment as General PP&E (such costs were previously expensed), (b) a lack of supporting documentation for General PP&E which were purchased many years ago, and (c) most legacy property and logistics systems are not integrated with acquisition and financial systems and were not designed to capture the acquisition cost, cost of modifications and upgrades, or calculate depreciation.	The Department implemented guidance and training to improve property accountability and provide better financial reporting. The Department plans to complete valuations of all known military equipment programs by September 2005. The military equipment baseline will be updated to a single base year in fiscal year 2006. The Department plans to develop a white paper on accounting and reporting for spare parts, based on the practices of other Federal agencies and private sector organizations. The paper will be submitted to the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board, with resolution anticipated by March 2005.
Government Property and Material in the Possession of Contractors	The cost of DoD property and material in the possession of contractors is not reliably reported due to a lack of an integrated reporting methodology.	The Department is developing policy and processes to help correct this weakness. Implementation of new policy and the Department's business enterprise architecture will eliminate this problem. To improve accountability, accuracy, and reliability, DoD is in the process of creating an on-line government property system to be jointly used by government and industry for recording property in the possession of contractors.
Inventory	The existing inventory valuation at most activities is not reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	The Department issued a change in policy in fiscal year 2001 to begin valuing inventory at moving-average-cost to comply with historical cost valuation requirements. In fiscal year 2004, the Department chartered the Inventory and Operating Materials and Supplies Working Group to identify and develop processes and methods leading to inventory valuation based on historical costs. This effort involves assessing the Department's major logistics and financial systems—current and future—to determine the adequacy for producing historically-based valuations. The working group is developing valuation techniques where standard methods are not feasible or practical.

Financial Statement Weakness	Description	Status
Operating Materials and Supplies	The Department's systems were designed to expense materials when purchased rather than when consumed.	The Inventory and Operating Materials and Supplies Working Group is addressing this issue by examining the Department's practices, processes, and systems to determine the appropriate Department-wide business rules and systems that will correct this weakness.
Statement of Net Cost	The Statement of Net Cost is not presented by programs that align with major goals and outputs described in the DoD's strategic and performance plans required by the Government Performance and Results Act. Revenues and expenses are reported by appropriation categories because financial processes and systems do not collect costs in line with performance measures.	The implementation of the Department's business enterprise architecture will correct this weakness.
Statement of Financing	The DoD cannot reconcile budgetary obligations to net cost without making unsupported adjustments.	The implementation of the Department's business enterprise architecture will correct this weakness.